## A "DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW VARIETY OF POPLAR TREE IN GEOGRAPHICAL DIFFERENT REGIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL USE"

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROJECT (2016 – 2018)

The science and technology project "Development of a new variety of poplar tree in geographical different regions for industrial use" funded by the Foundation for Science and Technology commissioned by the Ministry of Environment and Tourism was successfully implemented by the Division of Forest Resources and Forest Protection, Institute of Geography and Geoecology between 2016-2018.

The main purpose of the project was to study the population distribution, species in nature and characteristics of poplar species in Mongolia and to develop a scientific basis for growing poplar trees as a useful plant for lumber and biofuel. The main objectives of the project are: a) to study the distribution of poplar species in nature, natural forests and distribution of populations; b) to identify the individuals and populations with the most favorable characteristics based on their seed quality and seedling characteristics; c) to prepare flowering twigs from native trees selected from natural populations, to collect of pollen, and to conduct artificial pollination; d) to grow seedlings from hybrid seeds obtained as a result of artificial crossing.

The following results were achieved through the implementation of the science and technology project "Development of new varieties of poplar tree in geographical different regions for industrial use (2016-2018)":

1) Conducted study on distribution of laurel popular (Populus laurifolia Ledeb.) and

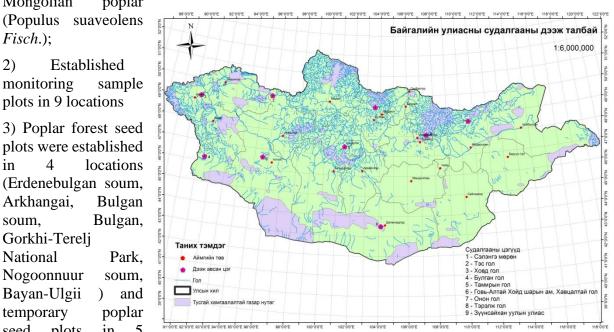
Mongolian poplar (Populus suaveolens Fisch.);

- 2) Established monitoring sample plots in 9 locations
- plots were established locations (Erdenebulgan soum, Arkhangai, Bulgan Bulgan, soum, Gorkhi-Terelj **National** Park. Nogoonnuur soum, Bayan-Ulgii ) and temporary

plots

in

seed



locations (Tes soum, Zavkhan, Binder soum, Khenti, Bulgan soum, Selenge, Khankhongor soum, Umnugobi, Sharga soum, Gobi-Altai);

- 4) We planted 1,800 poplar seedlings with pots and 850 open root system seedlings were grown from seeds harvested from Mongolia's natural poplar forest;
- 5) We planted 180 poplar seedlings grown by hybrid seeds;







- 6) We developed "Methodology for establishing seed fields and collecting seeds in poplar forest"
- 7) 4 scientific papers were published as a result of the study;
- 8) The consolidated report on the research work carried out within the project has been prepared.



